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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/055,196	01/23/2002	Gary G. Podrebarac	CDT 1746	5079
7590	02/17/2004		EXAMINER	
KENNETH H. JOHNSON P.O. BOX 630708 HOUSTON, TX 77263				DANG, THUAN D
		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		1764		

DATE MAILED: 02/17/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/055,196 Examiner Thuan D. Dang	PODREBARAC ET AL. Art Unit 1764

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 November 2003.
- 2a) This action is **FINAL**. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-13 is/are pending in the application.
 - 4a) Of the above claim(s) 7-13 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 1-6 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.

Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 - a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____
- 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1 and 3-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cosyns et al (6,333,442) in view of Umemura et al (3,895,049).

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Cosyns discloses a process including all steps as recited in claim 1 (the abstract) except that Cosyns is silent as to using a starting feed (C4 catalytic cracking fraction) also containing butadiene and mercaptans and a step of removing butadiene and mercaptans. However, Umemura discloses a C4 feed produced by catalytic cracking process and also containing butadiene and mercaptans (col. 1, lines 11-29; col. 4, line 62 thru col. 5, lines 15).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the Cosyns process by using the Umemura C4 hydrocarbon feed since it is expected that using any feed containing C4 hydrocarbons (catalytic cracking fraction) participating the reaction steps of Cosyns' process would yield similar results.

Once, such a feed is obviously used for the Cosyns' process, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the Cosyns' process by removing these mercaptans and butadiene before the process since it is clear that Cosyns do not disclose that butadiene and mercaptan are present in his production steps.

The catalyst of the alkylation step can be found on col. 5, lines 17-19.

Claims 2 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cosyns et al (6,333,442) in view of Umemura et al (3,895,049) further in view of Hearn (5,510,568).

Cosyns and Umemura disclose a process as discussed above.

Cosyns does not disclose to remove butadiene and mercaptans from the C4 catalytic cracking fraction by a method as called for in claim 2 and the first step of claim 6. However, Hearn discloses to remove these by such a method (the abstract).

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It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the Cosyns process by using the Hearn method to remove the diolefins and mercaptans since both of undesired impurities can be simultaneously removed (see the abstract of Hearn).

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 11/18/2003 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

The argument that the combination of references is not based on the teachings of the cited reference themselves is not persuasive since as discussed above, Cosyns do not disclose that the feed contains butadiene and mercaptan are present. Therefore, once a feed containing all required components and other undesired components as such the Umemura C4 hydrocarbon feed is used for Cosyns. One having ordinary skill in the art would obviously remove these undesired components before the reaction so that the feed is suitable for the reaction.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37

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CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

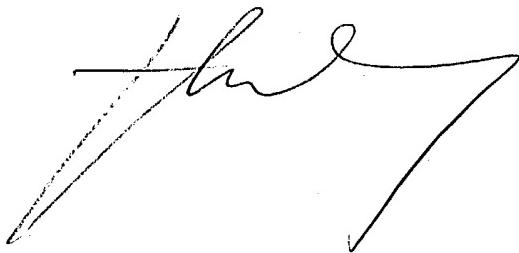
Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thuan D. Dang whose telephone number is 571-272-1445. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thu.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Glenn Calderola can be reached on 571-272-1444. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Thuan D. Dang
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 1764

10055196.20040207
February 7, 2004

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Thuan D. Dang". It is written in a cursive style with a long horizontal stroke and a vertical stroke extending downwards from the end of the horizontal.